

Small & Medium Enterprise Sentiment Tracker

Wave 72 – February 2025





who we are

We are a research consultancy that partners with major brands to execute strategic market research programs.

We are passionate about helping our clients make better decisions by providing them with actionable insights and well-informed recommendations.

Our culture is built on collaboration, curiosity, and open-mindedness. We believe that the best ideas come from working together, and we are always looking for new ways to challenge the status quo.

what we offer

We are fiercely committed to providing our team with the skills and knowledge they need to be successful in their careers.

We believe that when people feel valued, respected, and supported, they are unstoppable forces for good. They are also more likely to be creative and innovative, which is essential for driving growth and innovation.

Our culture is one of our greatest strengths. It is what attracts and retains top talent, and it is what drives our success. When everyone feels like they belong, they are more likely to be their best selves.



Key Learnings



Sharp rise in confidence in Australian economic conditions following interest rate cuts



38% of SMEs are growth focused for the next 12 months



26% increasing capital investment over the next 3 months



But 61% believe the Trump Administration will have a negative impact on the Australian economy

SME Confidence Grows Amid Political Uncertainty

Despite a slowdown in revenue and profitability in February, SME confidence in Australian economic conditions has surged, driven by falling interest rates. Accordingly, 38% of SMEs are expecting growth over the next 12 months. Short-term revenue expectations are also improving, with nearly one-third of SMEs anticipating month-on-month growth. Capital investment and marketing spend is also set to rise over the next three months.

Despite this positive outlook hiring intentions remain weak, with only 12% of SMEs planning to increase staff in the next quarter—down from 17% last year and 15% in December. While recruitment has picked up slightly to 16% after a quiet January, this is largely due to seasonal hiring in the Hospitality sector.

Looking ahead, the political landscape in both Australia and the US is likely to weigh on SME confidence. With the Australian election approaching, satisfaction with the Federal Government has dropped to 28%. Meanwhile, concerns over the Trump Administration's trade policies and unpredictable approach to global relations are growing. This month, 61% of SMEs believe Trump will have a negative impact on the Australian economy, a sharp increase from 49% in December before his inauguration.

While falling interest rates have strengthened SME confidence and growth expectations, hiring intentions remain subdued, reflecting ongoing caution in the labour market. Despite an improving revenue outlook and increased investment plans, political uncertainty—both domestically and internationally—poses a risk to business confidence in the months ahead.





Key Performance Indicators

People

Business Sentiment

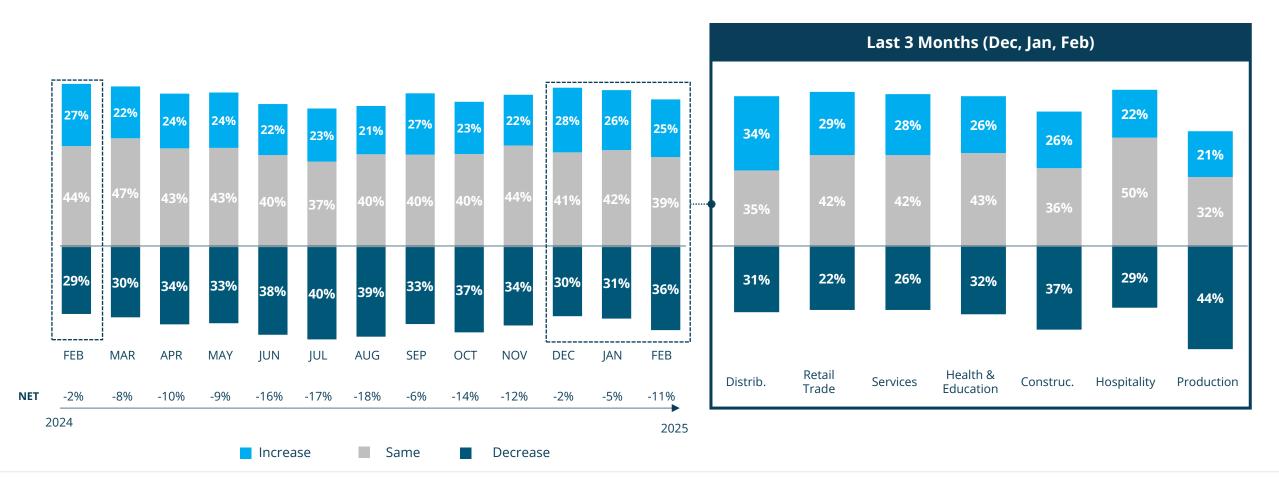
04 **Business Investment**

> 05 **Methodology & Sample**

Key Performance Indicators | Revenue

After two months of positive revenue trends, February saw a slowdown, with only 25% of SMEs reporting higher revenues than last year.

How Does Your Current Monthly Revenue Compare To Your Monthly Revenue 12 Months Ago?

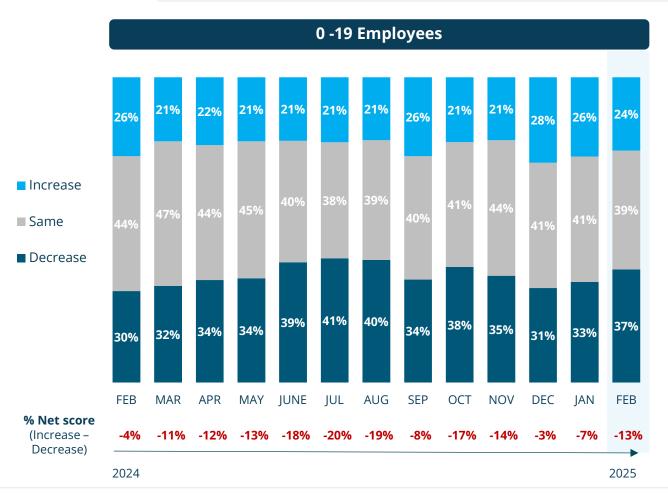


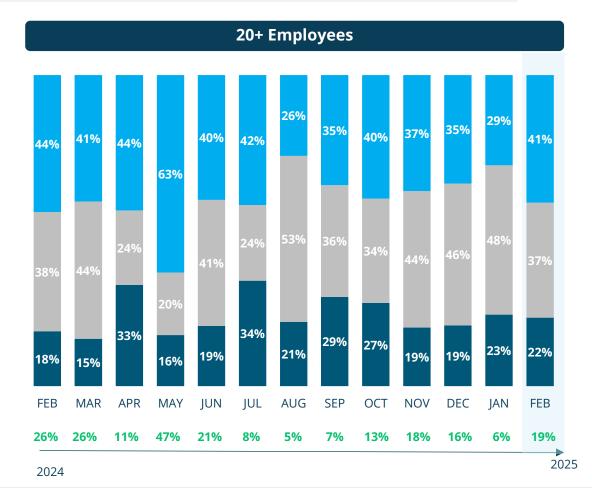


Key Performance Indicators | Revenue

Smaller SMEs continue to experience declining revenue, while larger SMEs have reversed the downward trend observed since November.

How Does Your Current Monthly Revenue Compare To Your Monthly Revenue 12 Months Ago?

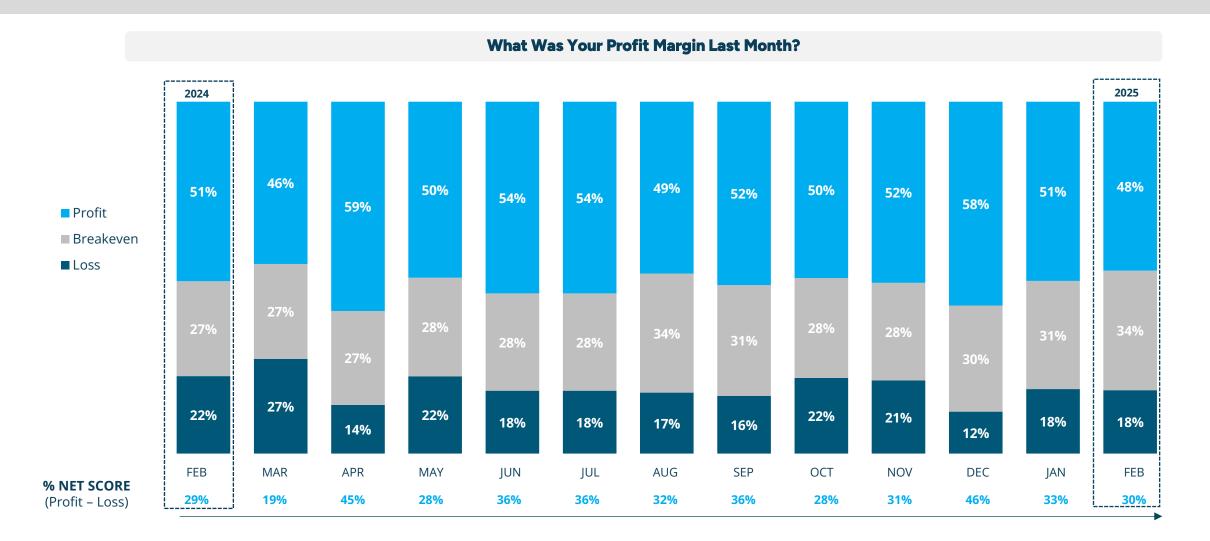






Key Performance Indicators | Profit

The proportion of SMEs reporting a profit has also declined, falling from 58% in December to 48% this month.

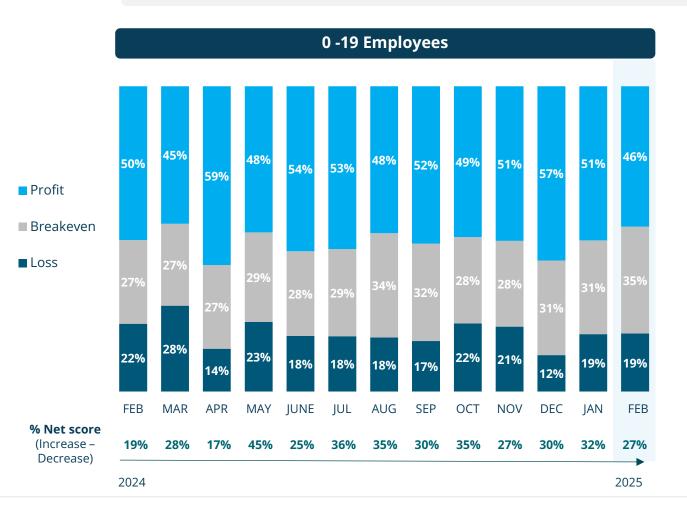


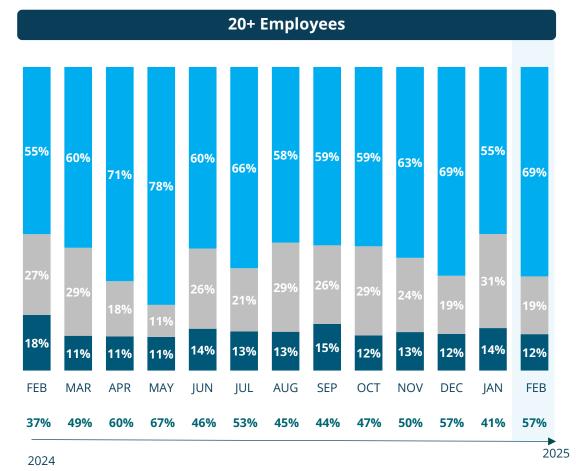


Key Performance Indicators | Profit

Profitability among smaller SMEs (0-19 employees) continued to decline, dropping to 46% in February, below the level recorded at the same time last year. In contrast, larger SMEs (20+ employees) experienced an improvement, with profitability rising to 69%.

What Was Your Profit Margin Last Month?







Key Performance Indicators | Initiatives To Counter Cost Pressures

More SMEs (21%) are proactively reassessing current projects and investments, up significantly from 14% in October. Meanwhile, fewer SMEs (7%, down from 14% in October) are delegating non-essential functions to external providers, suggesting a shift toward internal resource optimisation and cost control.

How Is Your Business Responding To The Challenges Posed By Ongoing Inflation And Increasing Costs?

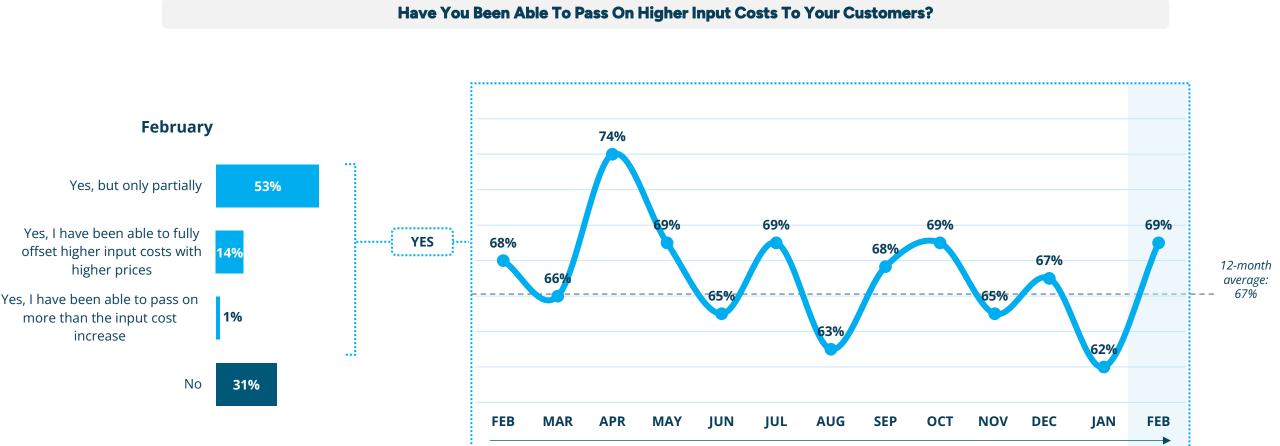
February

		October	November	December	January	February
Discontinuing products/services that are not profitable.	27%	24%	26%	31%	26%	27%
Enhancing efficiency by streamlining business operations.	25%	24%	23%	22%	27%	25%
Reassessing current projects and significant investments for viability and impact.	21%	14%	18%	17%	18%	21%
Renegotiating supplier contracts or seeking new supply sources.	20%	23%	20%	22%	17%	20%
Expanding the range of products/services to generate new revenue streams.	18%	14%	22%	22%	17%	18%
Maximising staff productivity through better training and optimisation.	16%	16%	20%	17%	22%	16%
Refining inventory management practices for better efficiency.	15%	12%	14%	15%	8%	15%
Adopting new technologies for increased automation and operational efficiency.	13%	15%	14%	16%	19%	13%
Undertaking debt restructuring to reduce financial burdens.	10%	8%	13%	12%	11%	10%
Implementing workforce reductions, such as layoffs or hiring freezes.	8%	9%	10%	9%	9%	8%
Delegating non-essential functions to external providers.	7%	14%	14%	11%	8%	7%
Shifting towards the use of renewable energy sources.	6%	8%	10%	7%	9%	6%
Consulting banks and/or financial counsellors about financial hardship	5%	6%	6%	9%	7%	5%



Key Performance Indicators | Cost Recovery

In February, 69% of SMEs managed to pass on higher input costs to customers, recovering from a recent low of 62% in January and surpassing the 12-month average of 67%. However, most SMEs (53%) only partially offset these costs, highlighting ongoing margin pressures.



2024



2025

Key Performance Indicators | Cost Recovery

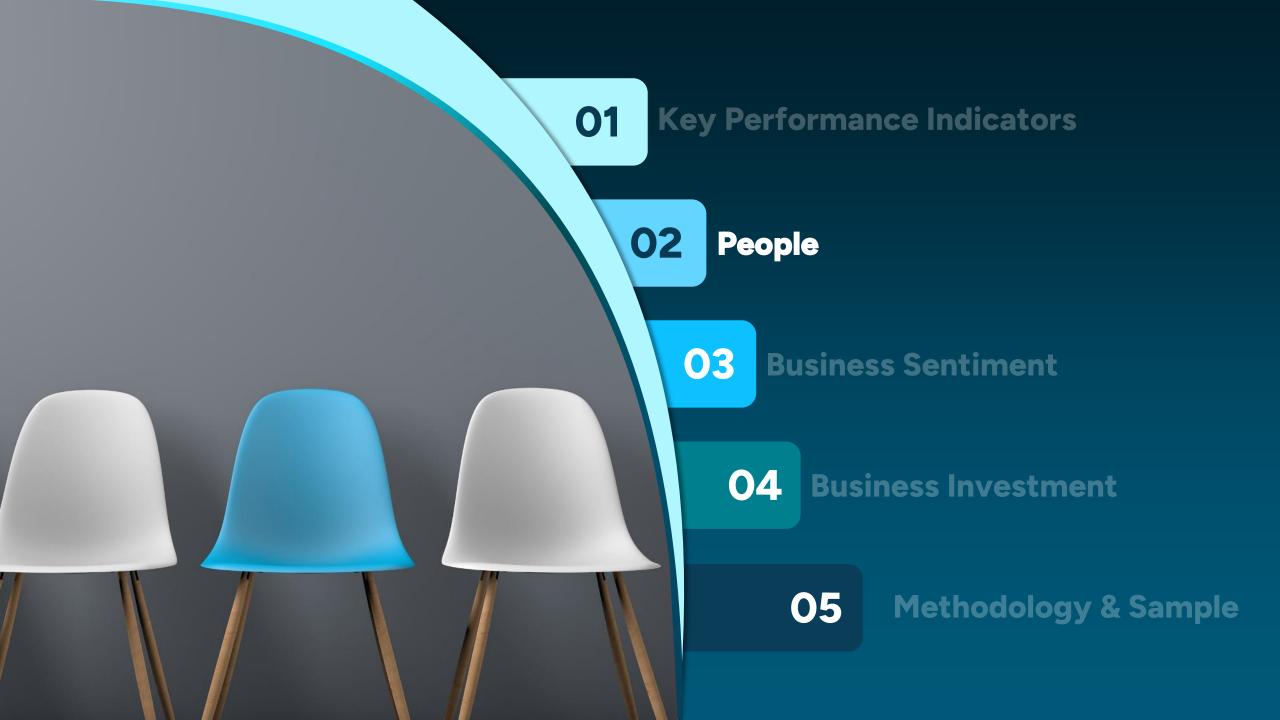
SMEs in Retail (75%) and Distribution (71%) sectors are the most successful at passing on higher input costs, with both sectors showing recent improvement.

Have You Been Able To Pass On Higher Input Costs To Your Customers? (Yes)



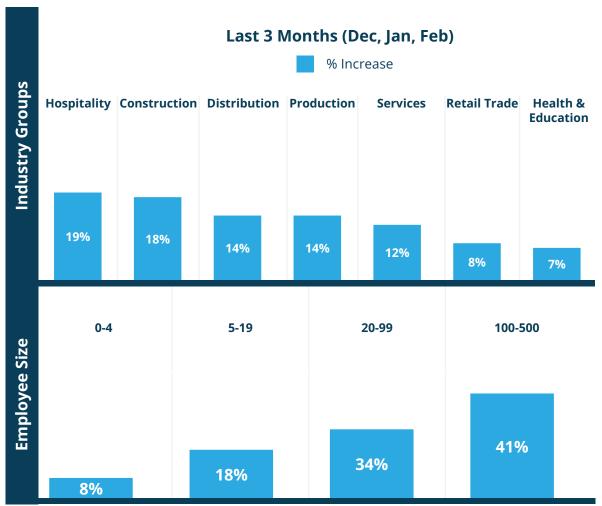






Hiring intentions continue to decline, with only 12% of SMEs expecting to increase staff in the next three months, down from 17% last year and 15% in December, while 10% now plan to reduce headcount.

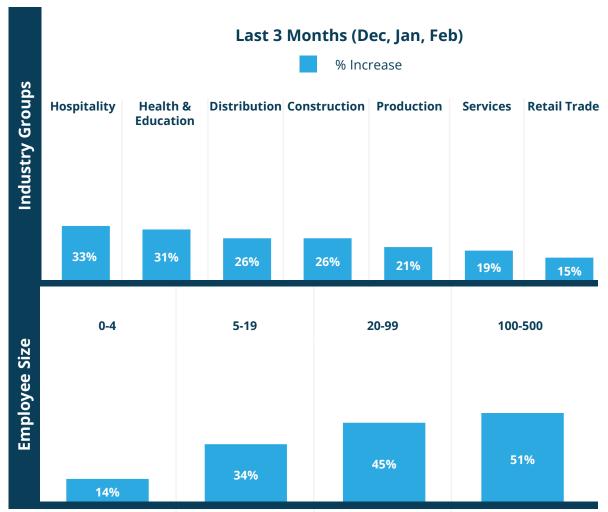






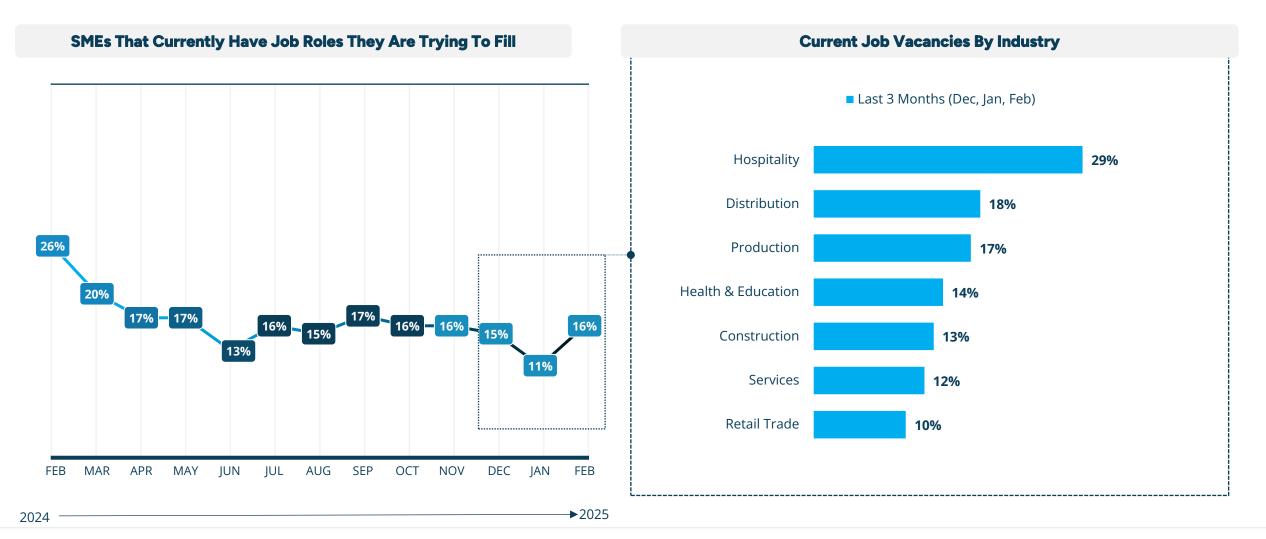
Wage pressures are also easing, with only 21% expecting increases over the next three months, while 10% anticipate a decline.







Despite expectations of stable staff levels, recruitment has rebounded to 16% following a quiet January, but this is driven by the more transient Hospitality sector.





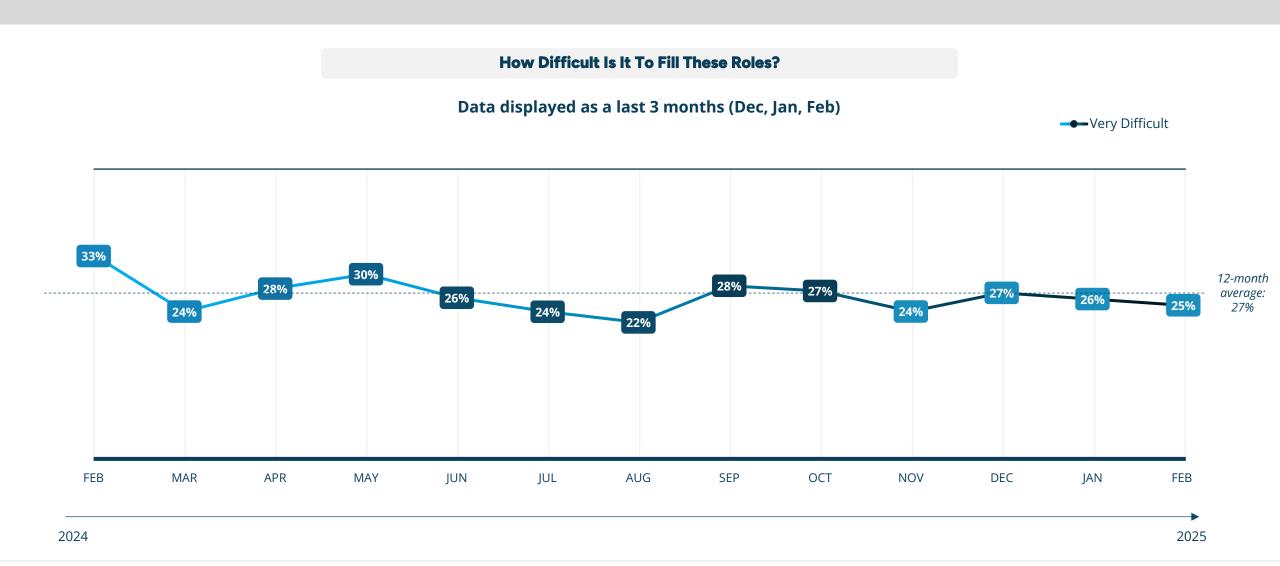
Recruitment activity has rebounded across both employee size cohorts but remains well below February last year.

SMEs That Currently Have Job Roles They Are Trying To Fill



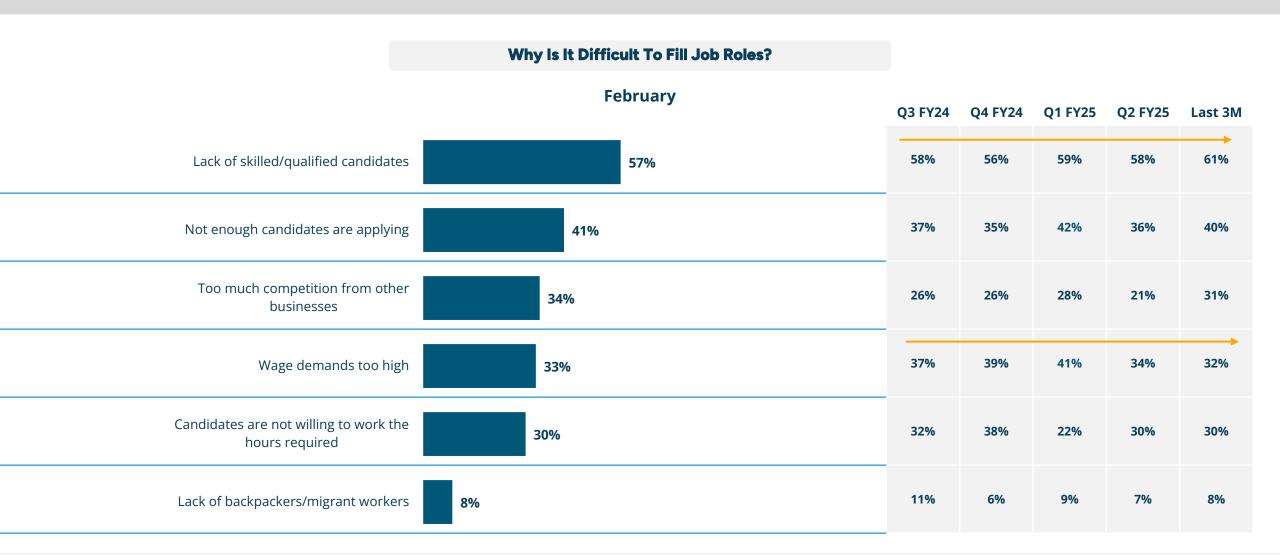


The share of businesses struggling to fill roles remains below the 12-month average, highlighting easing labor market pressures.





Despite moderating wage demands, the shortage of skilled candidates remains the biggest challenge for SMEs currently recruiting.



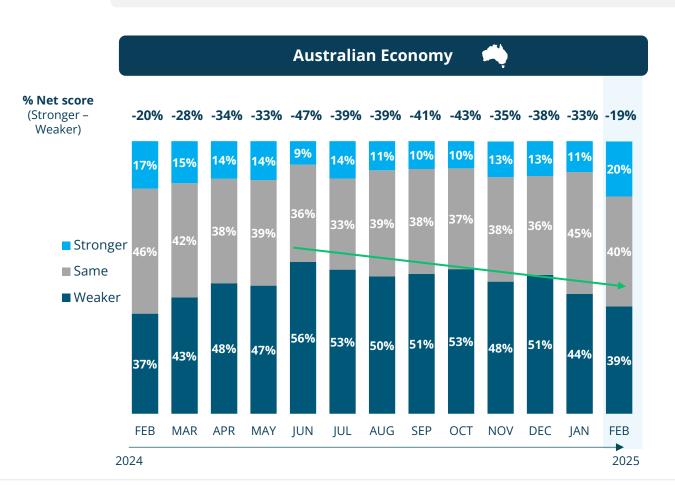


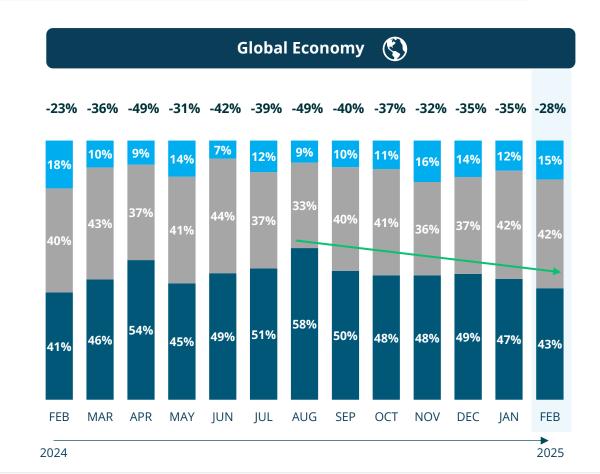


Business Sentiment | Expectations Regarding Economic Conditions (Next 3 months)

This month saw a sharp rise in confidence in Australian economic conditions following interest rate cuts, while global economic confidence continues to improve despite growing volatility.

Expectations Over The Next 3 Months Regarding Economic Conditions

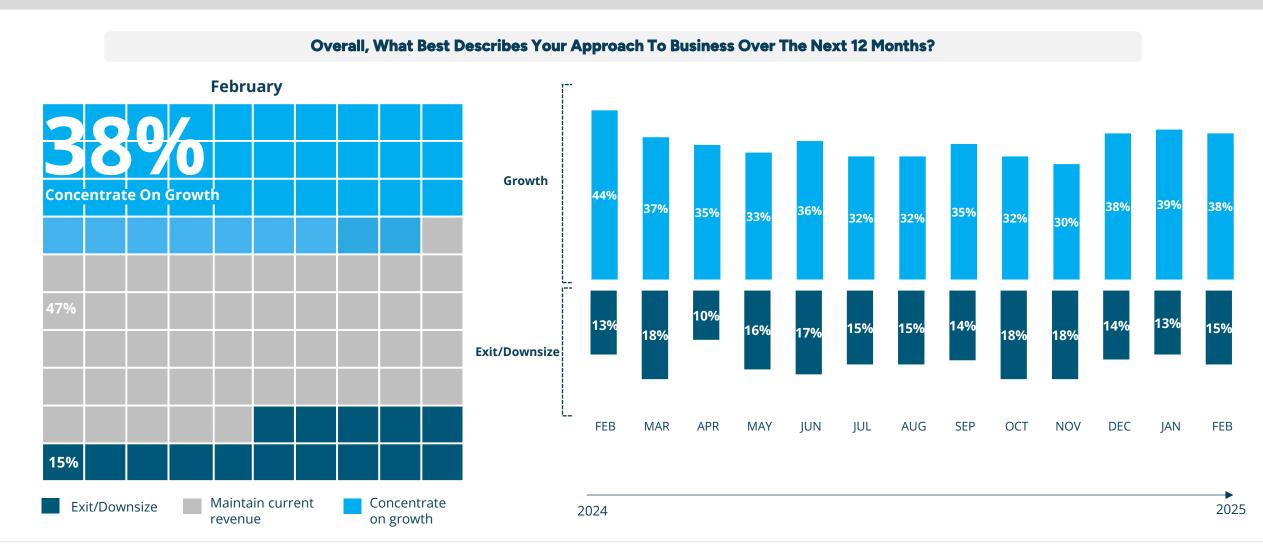






Business Sentiment | Growth Expectations (Next 12 months)

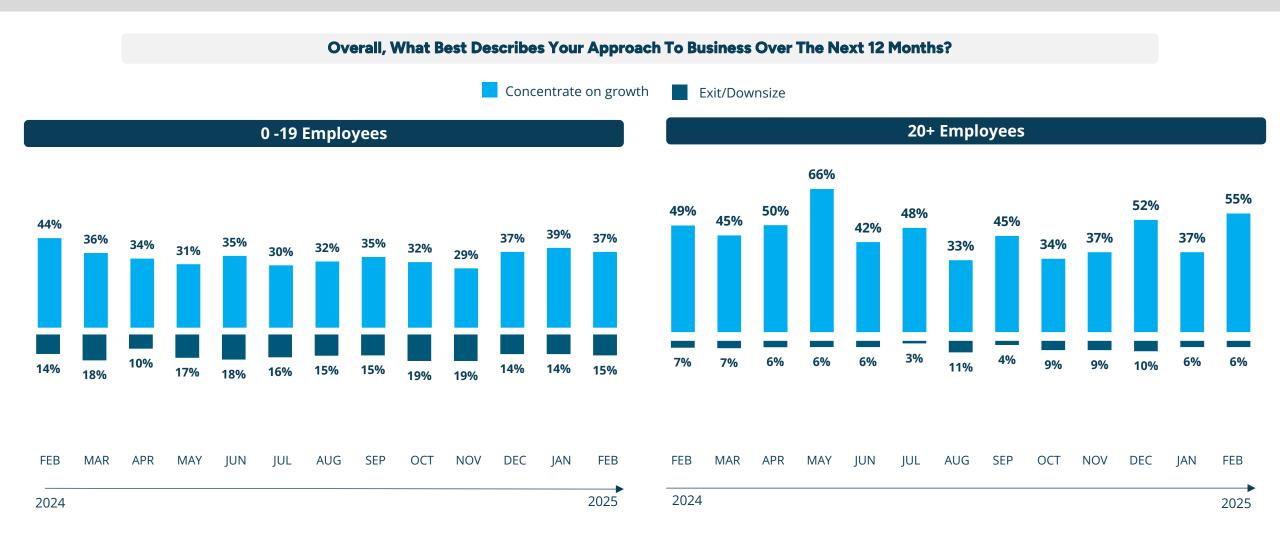
Accordingly, SME expectations for the next 12 months remain strong with 38% expecting growth.





Business Sentiment | Growth Expectations (Next 12 months)

Growth expectations amongst larger SMEs rebounded strongly in February.





Business Sentiment | Challenges

Adding to the more positive outlook, SMEs are increasingly confident in managing cost pressures and shifting consumer preferences. Notably, concerns around cyber threats, access to finance, and talent acquisition have also eased.

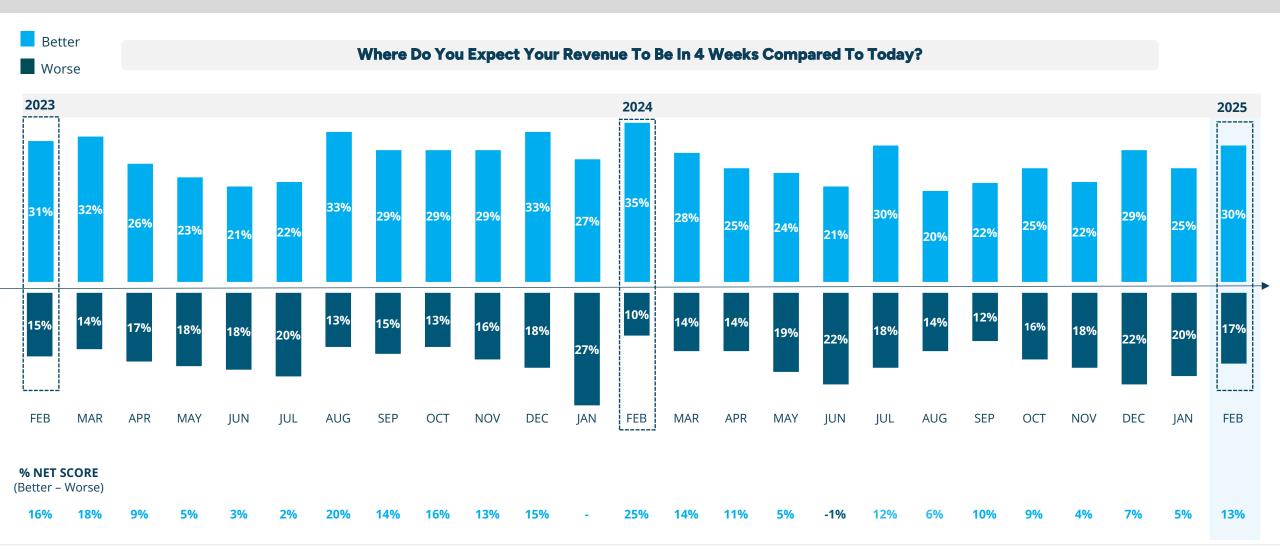
Which Of These Issues Do You Anticipate Will Pose The Most Significant Challenges To Your Business Over Next 3 Months

	February	September	October	November	December	January	February
Addressing the difficult economic outlook and ongoing cost pressures.	42%	43%	46%	45%	47%	44%	42%
Keeping pace with changing customer behaviours and preferences.	38%	40%	33%	35%	42%	32%	38%
Managing the continuous adoption of new technologies and digital transformation processes.	22%	18%	17%	19%	21%	18%	22%
Navigating regulatory, compliance, and governance challenges.	20%	25%	16%	20%	22%	20%	20%
Identifying and implementing measures to boost workforce efficiency and productivity.	14%	24%	15%	18%	18%	20%	14%
Strengthening defences against cyber threats and ensuring data privacy.	14%	22%	19%	20%	20%	20%	14%
Strengthening supply chain operations for improved efficiency and resilience.	13%	19%	14%	18%	15%	17%	13%
Managing risks and uncertainties in the geopolitical landscape.	13%	15%	11%	16%	17%	14%	13%
Overcoming difficulties in securing necessary financing.	12%	15%	16%	15%	17%	15%	12%
Acquiring, training, and upskilling talent in a competitive market.	12%	14%	17%	13%	19%	14%	12%
Implementing strategies to address sustainability issues and climate change impacts.	12%	8%	9%	8%	10%	8%	12%
Prioritising investment in research and development to drive innovation.	8%	8%	6%	8%	7%	8%	8%



Business Sentiment | Revenue Expectations (Next Four Weeks)

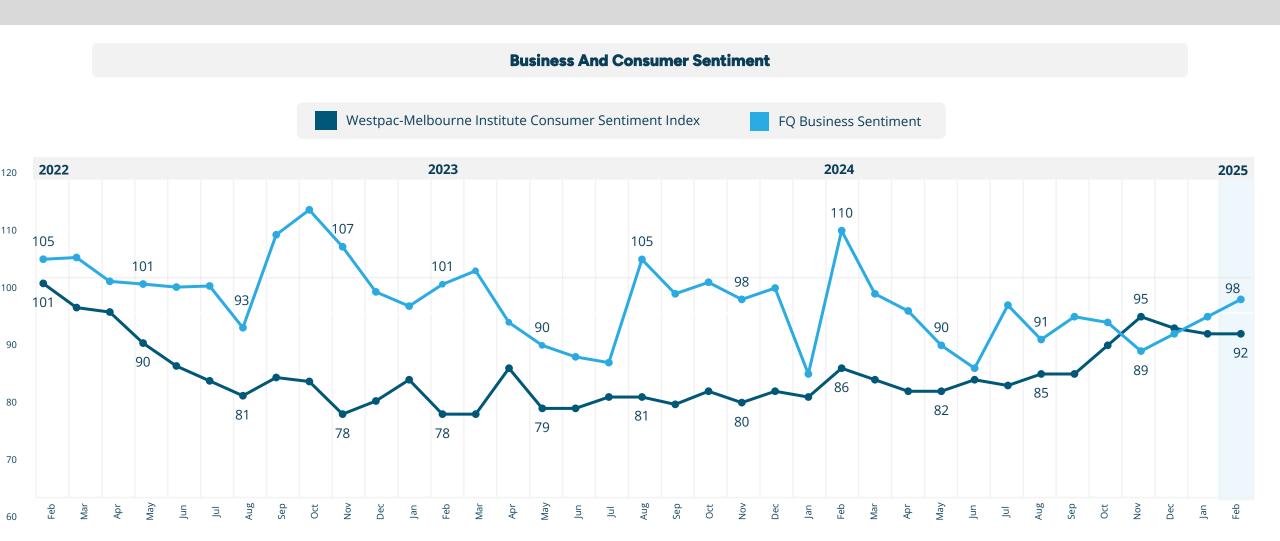
Short-term revenue expectations are also improving, with nearly a third of SMEs anticipating month-on-month revenue growth, although figures remain slightly weaker than in 2023 and 2024.





Business Sentiment | Sentiment Index

The Fifth Quadrant SME Business Sentiment index remains above consumer sentiment increasing for a third consecutive month.





Business Sentiment | Sentiment Index

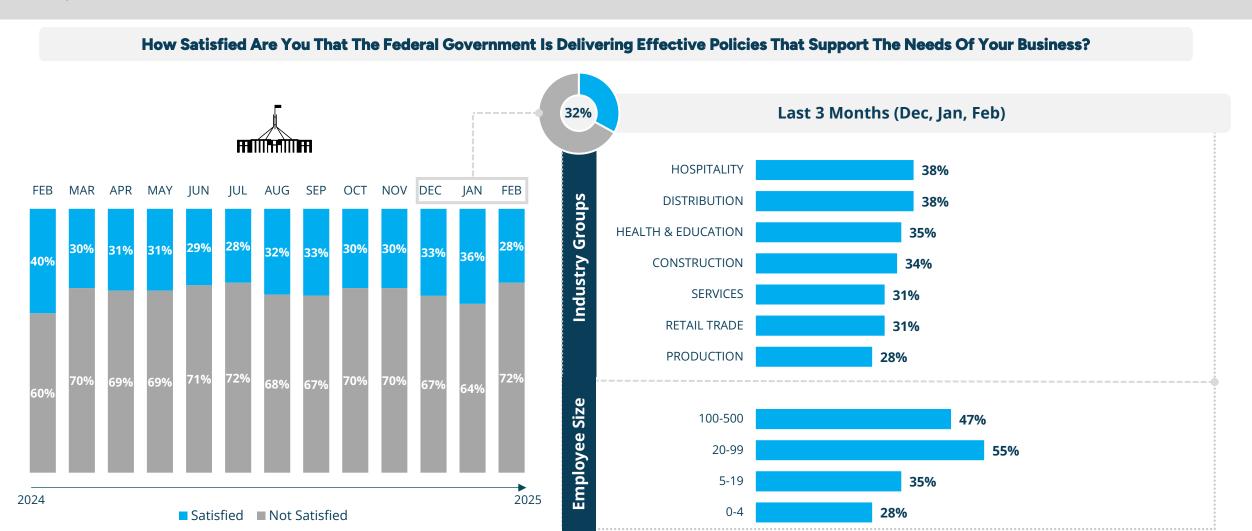
Sentiment has strengthened across both employee size cohorts.





Business Sentiment | Government Policy

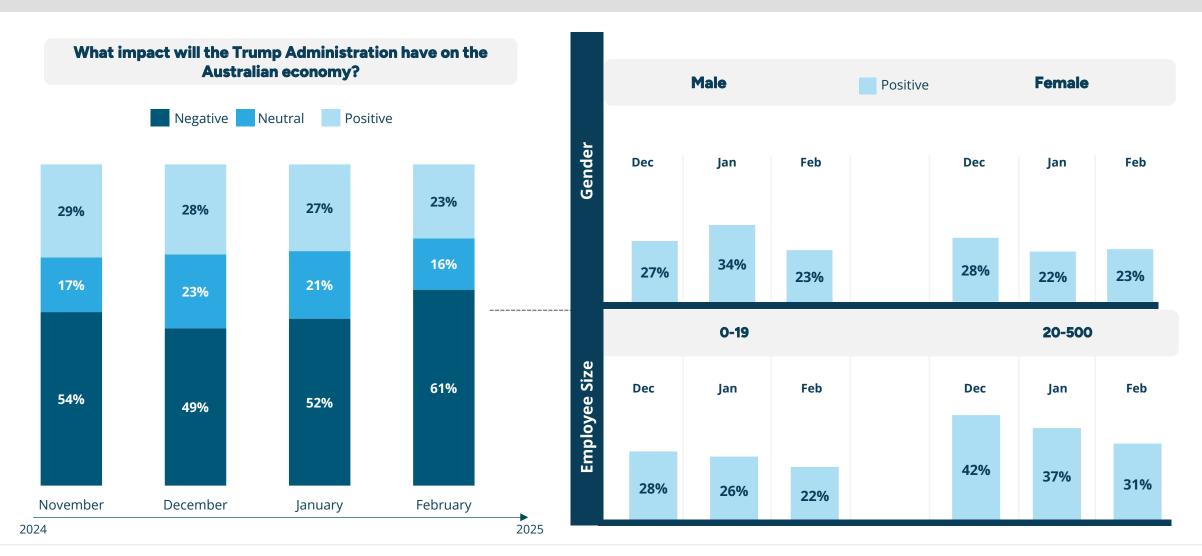
After a recent upward trend, support for the Federal Government has reversed, with only 28% of SMEs satisfied, reflecting a decline in sentiment that aligns with recent consumer polls.





Business Sentiment | Government Policy

Negativity towards the Trump Administration is rising among Australian SMEs, presumably fueled by concerns over the President's tariff policies. Interestingly, male sentiment has turned significantly more negative this month, aligning more closely with female sentiment.







Business Investment | Next Three Months

With interest rates falling, it's encouraging to see more SMEs planning to increase capital investment and marketing spend over the next 3 months.

Expectations Over The Next 3 Months Regarding Business Investment

Business Spending/ Capital Investment 20% 27% 19% 24% 21% 24% 23% 21% 20% 20% 20% 21% 26% Increase Same Decrease 61% 59% 65% 58% 58% 61% 58% 66% 63% 65% 63% 58% 19% 13% 16% 18% 21% 15% 19% 13% 17% 17% 15% 16% 16%

AUG

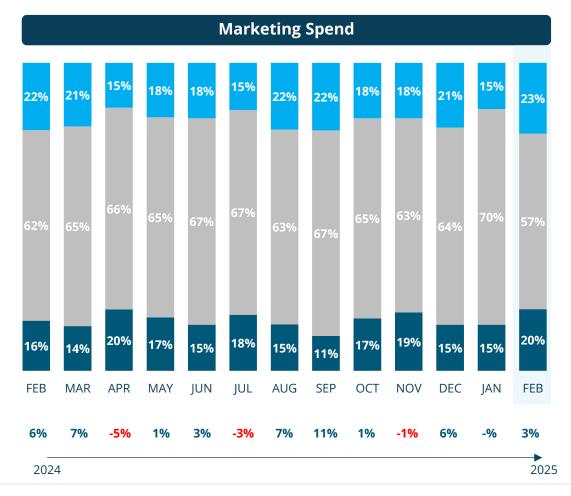
SEP

OCT

NOV

FEB

2025





% Net score
(Increase Decrease)

2024

Business Investment | Capital Expenditure

While investment in plant and equipment is positive, expectations for electric and commercial vehicle purchases remain subdued.

Which Of The Following Will You Purchase For Your Business Over The Next 3 Months?

February

■ Probably will ■ Definitely will		Q2 FY24	Q3 FY24	Q4 FY24	Q1 FY25	Q2 FY25	Last 3M
IT / Office equipment, including hardware & software	37% 7% 44%	44%	46%	43%	45%	47%	45%
Equipment, machinery or plant	19% 4% 23%	23%	26%	20%	24%	20%	23%
Passenger vehicle(s) including SUVs	10% <mark>3%</mark> 13%	11%	10%	10%	9%	9%	13%
Electric vehicle(s), including Hybrid	9% <mark>2% 11%</mark>	14%	14%	12%	11%	10%	10%
Light commercial vehicle(s) including utes, vans, and minibuses	8% <mark>2%</mark> 10%	16%	15%	15%	14%	16%	12%
Agricultural, construction or earthmoving vehicle(s)/equipment	7% <mark>2%</mark> 9%	11%	10%	10%	10%	8%	8%
Truck(s) less than 4.5 tonnes	7% 19 8%	11%	12%	10%	12%	10%	7%
Commercial real estate including buildings or land	6% <mark>2</mark> 9 8%	11%	10%	8%	6%	6%	8%
Truck(s) more than 4.5 tonnes	6% 2 <mark>%</mark> 8%	11%	10%	10%	9%	9%	6%
Medium and large bus(es)	5% <mark>2% 7%</mark>	8%	9%	8%	6%	5%	6%



Business Investment | Capital Expenditure

Demand for passenger and light commercial vehicles remains weak among SMEs with 0-19 employees, while IT spending and demand for heavy equipment and large trucks is rising among businesses with 20-500 employees.

Which Of The Following Will You Purchase For Your Business Over The Next 3 Months?

IT / Office equipment, including hardware & software
Equipment, machinery or plant
Passenger vehicle(s) including SUVs
Electric vehicle(s), including Hybrid
Light commercial vehicle(s) including utes, vans, and minibuses
Agricultural, construction or earthmoving vehicle(s)/equipment
Truck(s) less than 4.5 tonnes
Commercial real estate including buildings or land
Truck(s) more than 4.5 tonnes
Medium and large bus(es) with more than 12 seats

0-19 Employees

Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
49%	48%	40%	42%
22%	20%	25%	22%
17%	10%	12%	11%
8%	9%	8%	10%
19%	15%	11%	8%
10%	5%	6%	8%
6%	6%	5%	7%
8%	9%	6%	6%
6%	5%	4%	6%
3%	4%	5%	6%

20+ Employees

Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
57%	58%	66%	66%
34%	43%	40%	35%
30%	25%	33%	32%
26%	21%	34%	30%
32%	30%	28%	30%
15%	18%	28%	28%
25%	19%	19%	20%
30%	17%	27%	31%
15%	20%	26%	27%
25%	20%	22%	25%



Business Investment | Finance Needs (Next 3 months)

Demand for additional finance remains relatively flat but is expected to rise with lower interest rates. Given the weaker Australian dollar, it not surprising that additional finance is being used to support cashflow and domestic growth rather than expansion into new markets, trade activity, or M&A.

SMEs That Will Require Additional Finance Over The Next 3 Months



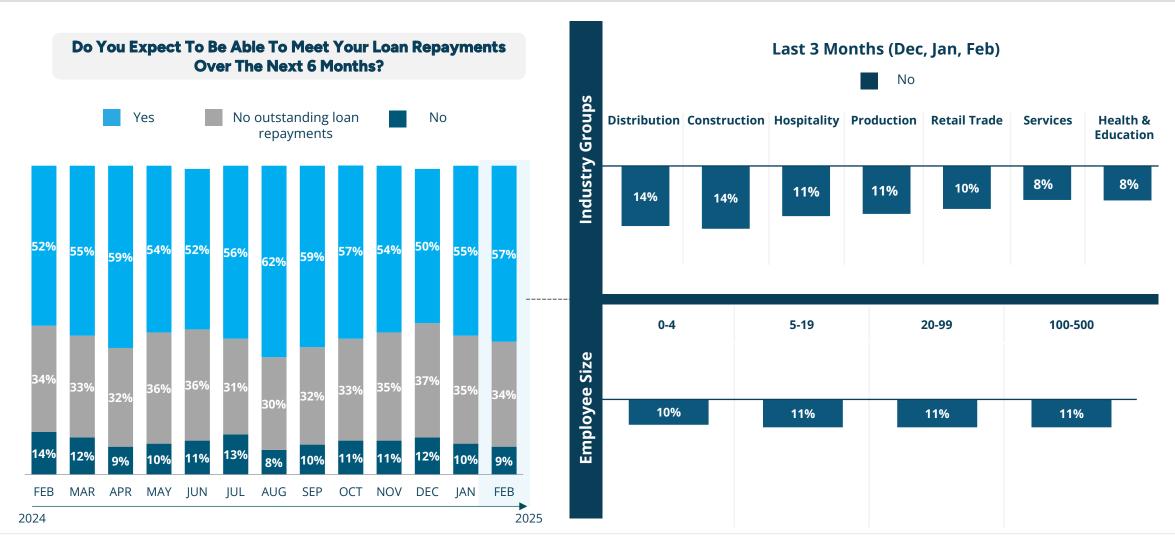
And What Is The Purpose Of This Finance?

	Q2 FY24	Q3 FY24	Q4 FY24	Q1 FY25	Q2 FY25	Last 3M
Cashflow/ working capital	57%	50%	62%	61%	60%	63%
Fund growth in Australia	23%	29%	20%	16%	23%	30%
Purchase plant, machinery or equipment	31%	25%	26%	23%	26%	21%
Fund growth into new markets	25%	24%	25%	22%	13%	12%
Trade finance to fund import/export activity	19%	17%	12%	13%	9%	11%
Fund merger/acquisition	13%	10%	10%	14%	7%	6%



Business Investment | Loan Stress

It is positive that loan stress is low at 9%, although the distribution and construction sectors remain vulnerable.





Business Investment | Finance Needs (Next 3 months)

Notable increase in demand for additional finance in the retail sector over the past three months.

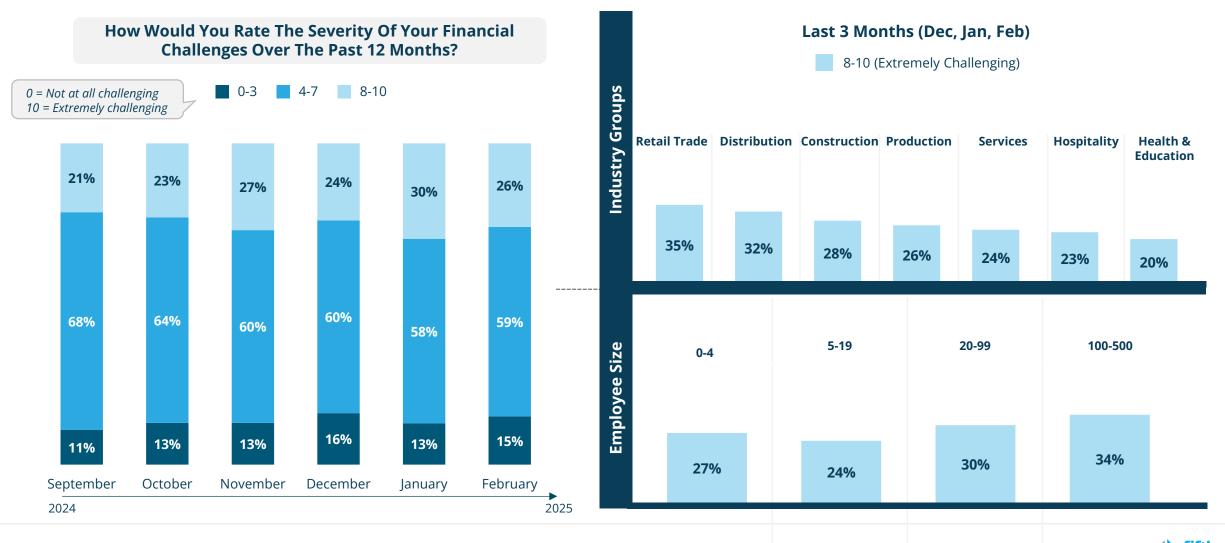
Will You Require Any Additional Finance Over The Next 3 Months? (Yes)

	Q2 F124	Q3 F124	Q4 F124	Q1 F125	Q2 F125	Last 3M
		·		:	i	:
0-19 Employees	15%	13%	14%	13%	14%	12%
20+ Employees	28%	28%	35%	26%	21%	24%
Construction	19%	13%	17%	14%	19%	15%
Distribution	12%	19%	13%	19%	16%	9%
Health & Education	20%	13%	17%	8%	8%	9%
Hospitality	25%	27%	29%	14%	17%	15%
Production	21%	17%	22%	16%	14%	16%
Retail Trade	15%	8%	11%	9%	9%	15%
Services	12%	12%	13%	13%	13%	13%



Business Investment | Financial Hardship

Aligned with the increased demand for finance, SMEs in the retail sector have been the most likely to experience financial hardship over the past 12 months.





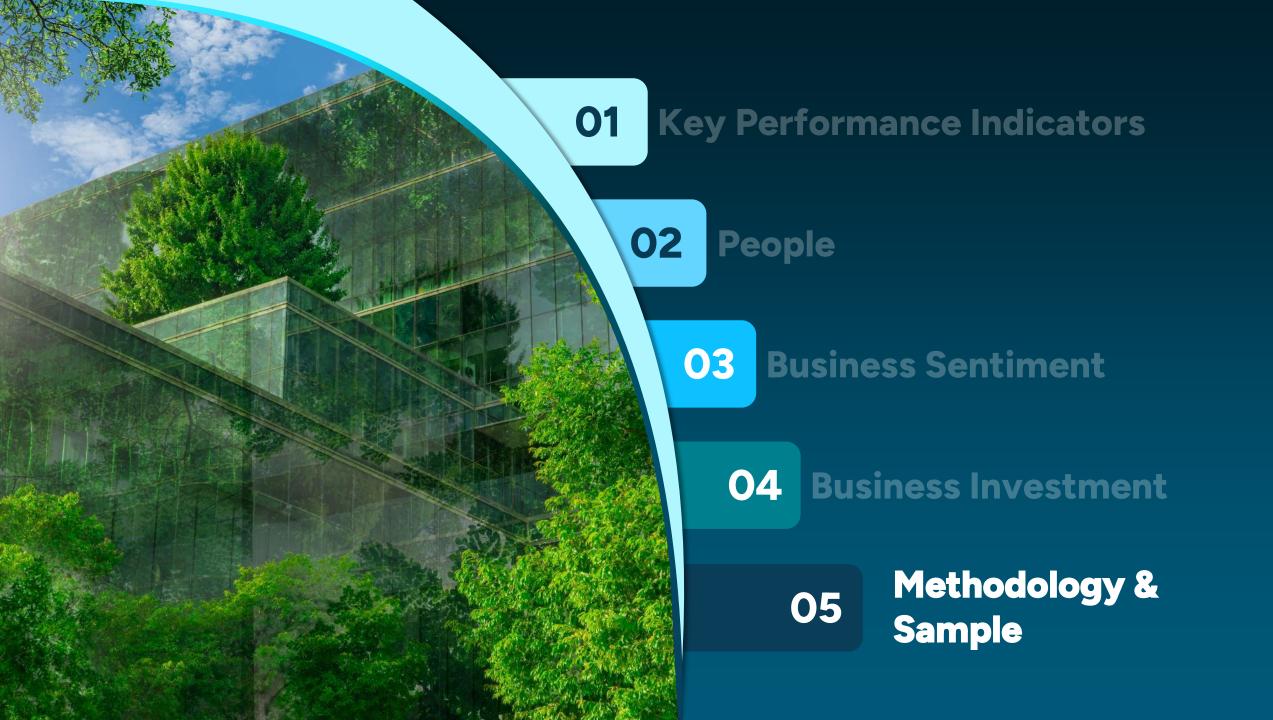
Business Investment | Loan Stress

Weak economic conditions and rising operational costs remain the biggest pressures on financial health, though most challenges have eased slightly.

What Impact Have The Following Issues Had On The Financial Health Of Your Business Over The Past 12m?

February November December **February** NET Medium/High Impact October January Weak economic conditions 64% 70% 65% 68% 64% 68% Increased operational and supplier costs 63% 68% 63% 67% 63% 68% Reduced customer demand 54% 57% 54% 55% 54% 55% Increased competition 52% 58% 53% 54% 54% 52% Personal issues e.g. physical or mental health, relationships, 45% 51% 47% 42% 52% 45% financial security etc High levels of debt leading and/or tax liabilities 36% 42% 38% 40% 36% 39% Poor cashflow management 37% 34% 35% 36% 36% 36% Inability to keep up with technological change digital 43% 38% 41% 34% 34% 37% disruption Inability to access suitable staff or the loss of key employees 34% 34% 35% 33% 35% 33% Poor strategic decisions, inadequate planning, or ineffective 36% 31% 31% 38% 42% 35% management





The SME Tracker was first launched 5th April 2020

Monthly waves with a minimum of 400 completed surveys with small and medium businesses with up to 500 employees

All respondents are business owners or financial decision makers/influencers

Use of accredited research panels ensures a consistent sample of the national population across states and territories.



Respondents from across Australia, including **metro and regional** areas



All **industry sectors** are represented, allowing for subgroup analysis



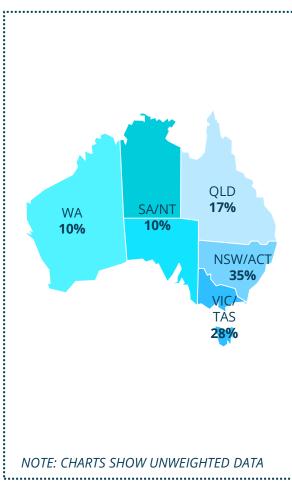
Data is **weighted** by industry, state and number of employees to reflect the national distribution of businesses across the country



Our Sample

Key decision makers and influencers at SMEs across all states and territories responded to the survey. We target SMEs across all sizes and industry sectors. Data is weighted to reflect the actual distribution by industry, number of employees and state.

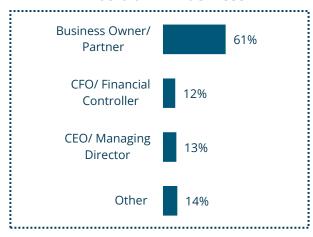
Head Office Location



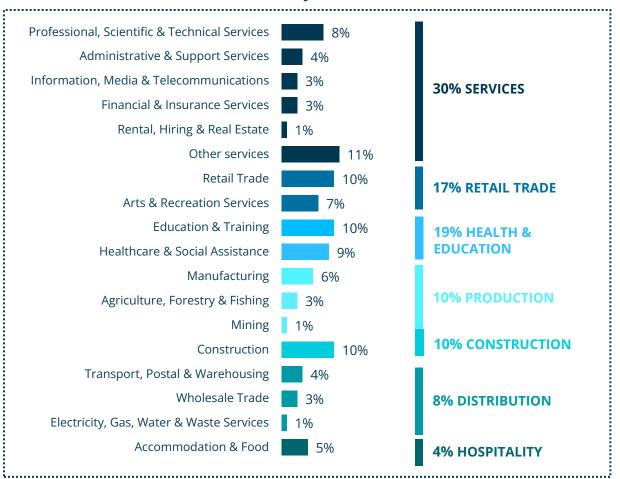
Size Of Business: Employees



Position In Business



Industry Sector





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Thank You

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